TruSeq DNA Nano
Reference Guide

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Chapter 1 Overview

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Introduction

This protocol explains how to prepare up to 96 libraries starting from genomic DNA (gDNA) using the Illumina® TruSeq® DNA Nano library prep workflow. The goal is to add adapter sequences to DNA fragment ends to create indexed libraries for single-read or paired-end sequencing.

The TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep workflow protocol includes the following features.

► Streamlined workflow:
  ▶ Size-selection beads and master-mixed reagents reduce reagent containers and pipetting.
  ▶ Universal adapter to prepare DNA libraries for single-read, paired-end, and indexed sequencing.
  ▶ One workflow with options for processing low sample (LS) and high sample (HS) numbers.

► Flexible throughput:
  ▶ 24- and 96-sample workflow configurations accommodate a range of experiments.
  ▶ Support for non-indexed sequencing and low-plexity pooling.
  ▶ Optimized shearing for whole-genome resequencing with insert sizes of 350 bp or 550 bp.

► Inclusive components:
  ▶ Library Prep components include library prep reagents excluding index adapters.
  ▶ Index adapter components must be purchased separately. See Supporting Information on page 22 for more details.

DNA Input Recommendations

Quantify the input gDNA and assess the quality before starting library preparation. For best results, use the following input amounts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insert Size</th>
<th>Input gDNA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>350 bp</td>
<td>100 ng</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>550 bp</td>
<td>200 ng</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Lower input amounts result in low yield and increased duplicates.

Quantify Input DNA

Quantify input DNA per the following recommendations:

► Successful library prep depends on accurate quantification of input DNA.

► Use fluorometric-based methods for quantification, such as Qubit or PicoGreen to provide accurate quantification for dsDNA. UV spectrophotometric based methods, such as the Nanodrop, measures any nucleotides present in the sample including RNA, dsDNA, ssDNA, and free nucleotides, which can give an inaccurate measurement of gDNA.

► Quantification methods depend on accurate pipetting methods. Do not use pipettes at the extremes of volume specifications. Make sure that pipettes are calibrated.
Assess DNA Quality

Absorbance measurements at 260 nm are commonly used to assess DNA quality:

- The ratio of absorbance at 260 nm to absorbance at 280 nm is used as an indication of sample purity. Values from 1.8 through 2.0 indicate relatively pure DNA.
- The presence of RNA or small nucleic acid fragments, such as nucleotides, can compromise both absorbance measurements.
- Make sure that samples are free of contaminants.

Positive Control

Use Coriell Human-1 DNA (NA18507) or Promega Human Genomic DNA (G3041) as a positive control sample for this protocol.

Additional Resources

The following documentation is available for download from the Illumina website.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Custom Protocol Selector</td>
<td>A wizard for generating customized end-to-end documentation that is tailored to the library prep method, run parameters, and analysis method used for the sequencing run.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TruSeq DNA Nano Checklist (document # 1000000040813)</td>
<td>Provides a checklist of the protocol steps, and is intended for experienced users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index Adapter Pooling Guide (document # 1000000041074)</td>
<td>Provides pooling guidelines for preparing libraries for sequencing systems that require balanced index combinations. Review this guide before beginning library preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illumina Experiment Manager Guide (part # 15031335) and IEM TruSeq DNA, RNA, or ChIP Quick Reference Card (document # 15037152)</td>
<td>Provides information about creating and editing sample sheets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BaseSpace Sequence Hub help</td>
<td>Provides information about BaseSpace® Sequence Hub, a data analysis tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Run Manager Software Guide (document #100000002702)</td>
<td>Provides an overview of the Local Run Manager (LRM) software, instructions for using software features, and instructions for installing analysis modules on the instrument computer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Visit the TruSeq DNA Nano workflow support page on the Illumina website for access to requirements and compatibility, additional documentation, software downloads, online training, frequently asked questions, and best practices.
Chapter 2 Protocol

Introduction
This chapter describes the TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep workflow protocol.

Follow the steps in the order shown, using the specified volumes and incubation parameters.

Before proceeding, confirm the delivered contents and make sure that you have the required equipment and consumables.


This protocol provides one workflow with variations for differences in sample numbers. [HS] and [LS] identify the appropriate option for your number of samples. Expect equivalent results from either option, but the HS option can yield more consistent results between samples.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workflow Variable</th>
<th>HS</th>
<th>LS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24-Sample Workflow</td>
<td>Process &gt; 24 samples with index adapter tubes*</td>
<td>Process ≤ 24 samples with index adapter tubes*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-Sample Workflow</td>
<td>Process &gt; 24 samples with index adapter plate</td>
<td>Process ≤ 24 samples with index adapter plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate Type</td>
<td>96-well Hard-Shell PCR plate</td>
<td>96-well 0.3 ml PCR plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>96-well midi plate</td>
<td>96-well midi plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incubation Equipment</td>
<td>Microheating systems</td>
<td>96-well thermal cycler</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixing Method</td>
<td>Microplate shaker</td>
<td>Pipetting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Combine the Set A and Set B indexes to pool up to 24 libraries.

Tips and Techniques
Unless a safe stopping point is specified in the protocol, proceed immediately to the next step.

Avoiding Cross-Contamination

- When adding or transferring samples, change tips between each sample.
- Remove unused index adapter tubes from the working area.
Sealing the Plate

- Always seal the 96-well plate before the following steps in the protocol:
  - Shaking steps
  - Vortexing steps
  - Centrifuge steps
  - Thermal cycling steps
- Apply the adhesive seal to cover the plate, and seal with a rubber roller.
- Microseal 'B' adhesive seals are effective at -40°C to 110°C. Use Microseal 'B' for shaking, centrifuging, and long-term storage.
- Microseal 'A' adhesive film is used for thermal cycling steps to prevent evaporation.

Plate Transfers

- When transferring volumes between plates, transfer the specified volume from each well of a plate to the corresponding well of the other plate.

Centrifugation

- Centrifuge at any step in the procedure to consolidate liquid or beads in the bottom of the well, and to prevent sample loss.

Handling Beads

- Do not freeze beads.
- Pipette bead suspensions slowly.
- Before use, allow the beads to come to room temperature.
- Immediately before use, vortex the beads until they are well dispersed. The color of the liquid must appear homogeneous. Vortex throughout protocol as necessary to keep homogenous.
- If beads are aspirated into pipette tips, dispense back to the plate on the magnetic stand, and wait until the liquid is clear (~2 minutes).
- When washing beads:
  - Use the specified magnetic stand for the plate.
  - Dispense liquid so that beads on the side of the wells are wetted.
  - Keep the plate on the magnetic stand until the instructions specify to remove it.
  - Do not agitate the plate while it is on the magnetic stand. Do not disturb the bead pellet.
Library Prep Workflow

The following diagram illustrates the workflow using a TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep workflow and Index Adapter components. Safe stopping points are marked between steps.

**Figure 1** TruSeq DNA Nano Workflow

1. **Fragment DNA**
   - Reagents: gDNA, RSB, SPB, Fresh 80% EtOH

2. **Repair Ends and Select Library Size**
   - Reagents: ERP2, RSB, SPB, PCR grade water, Fresh 80% EtOH

3. **Adenylate 3’ Ends**
   - Reagents: ATL, RSB

4. **Ligate Adapters**
   - Reagents: DNA Adapters, LIG2, RSB, SPB, STL, Fresh 80% EtOH

5. **Enrich DNA Fragments**
   - Reagents: EPM, PPC, RSB, SPB, Fresh 80% EtOH

6. **Check Libraries**

7. **Normalize and Pool Libraries**
   - Reagent: Tris-HCl 10 mM, pH8.5 with 0.1% Tween 20

Prepare for Pooling

When pooling samples for sequencing, use IEM, LRM, or BaseSpace Prep Tab to record information about your samples before beginning library preparation.

- Use IEM to create and edit sample sheets for Illumina sequencing systems and analysis software.
- Use LRM and BaseSpace Prep Tab to organize samples, libraries, pools, and a run for Illumina sequencing systems and analysis software.

Review the planning steps in the *Index Adapter Pooling Guide* (document # 1000000041074) when preparing libraries that require balanced index combinations.

Fragment DNA

This step fragments to an insert size of 350 bp or 550 bp. Covaris shearing generates double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) fragments with 3’ or 5’ overhangs.
Consumables

- gDNA samples
  - [350 bp insert size] 100 ng per sample
  - [550 bp insert size] 200 ng per sample
- RSB (Resuspension Buffer)
- SPB (Sample Purification Beads)
- Barcode labels
  - CFP (Covaris Fragmentation Plate)
  - CSP (Clean Up Sheared DNA Plate)
  - DNA (DNA Plate)
  - IMP (Insert Modification Plate)
- Freshly prepared 80% ethanol (EtOH)
- Plates
  - [HS] 96-well midi plates (3)
  - [HS] 96-well Hard-Shell 0.3 ml PCR plate (1)
  - [LS] 96-well 0.3 ml PCR plates, semiskirted or skirtless (4)
- Covaris tubes (1 per sample)
- Microseal 'B' adhesive seal

About Reagents

- Vortex SPB before each use.
- Vortex SPB frequently to make sure that beads are evenly distributed.
- Aspirate and dispense SPB slowly due to the viscosity of the solution.

Preparation

1. Prepare the following consumables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw at room temperature. After the initial thaw, store at 2°C to 8°C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Turn on and set up the Covaris instrument per manufacturer guidelines.
3. [HS] Calibrate the microplate shaker with a stroboscope and set to 1800 rpm.
4. Apply barcode labels to plates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barcode Label</th>
<th>Plate for HS</th>
<th>Plate for LS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNA</td>
<td>Midi</td>
<td>PCR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFP</td>
<td>Hard-Shell PCR</td>
<td>PCR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSP</td>
<td>Midi</td>
<td>PCR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMP</td>
<td>Midi</td>
<td>PCR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Procedure

Normalize gDNA

1. Quantify gDNA using a fluorometric-based method.
2. Normalize gDNA samples with RSB to a final volume of 52.5 µl in the DNA plate.
   - 100 ng for a 350 bp insert size.
   - 200 ng for a 550 bp insert size.
3. [HS] Mix and centrifuge as follows.
   a. Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   b. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 1 minute.
4. [LS] Pipette to mix, and then centrifuge briefly.

Fragment DNA

1. Transfer 52.5 µl DNA samples to separate Covaris tubes. Use the wells of the CFP plate to hold the tubes upright.
2. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 5 seconds.
3. Fragment using the appropriate Covaris settings:

   **Table 2  350 bp Insert**
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>M220</th>
<th>S220</th>
<th>S2</th>
<th>E210</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duty Cycle (%)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intensity</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak/Displayed Power (W)</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycles/Burst</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration (seconds)</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>Frequency sweeping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.5–6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **Table 3  550 bp Insert**
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>M220</th>
<th>S220</th>
<th>S2</th>
<th>E210</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duty Cycle (%)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intensity</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak/Displayed Power (W)</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycles/Burst</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration (seconds)</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
<td>Frequency sweeping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.5–6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 5 seconds.
5. Transfer 50 µl sample from each Covaris tube to the corresponding well of the CSP plate.
Clean Up Fragmented DNA

1. Vortex SPB until well-dispersed.
2. Add 80 µl SPB to each well.
3. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
4. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
5. Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
6. Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~8 minutes).
7. Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.
8. Wash two times as follows.
   - a) Add 200 µl fresh 80% EtOH to each well.
   - b) Incubate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds.
   - c) Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.
9. Use a 20 µl pipette to remove residual EtOH from each well.
10. Air dry on the magnetic stand for 5 minutes.
11. Add 62.5 µl RSB to each well, and then remove from the magnetic stand.
12. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
13. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes.
14. Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
15. Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (2–5 minutes).
16. Transfer 60 µl supernatant to the corresponding well of the IMP plate.

Repair Ends and Select Library Size

This step uses End Repair Mix 2 to convert the overhangs resulting from fragmentation into blunt ends. A 3’ to 5’ exonuclease activity removes the 3’ overhangs. A 5’ to 3’ polymerase activity completes the 5’ overhangs. After end repair, different ratios of Sample Purification Beads are used to select the appropriate library size.

Consumables

- ERP 2 or ERP 3 (End Repair Mix)
- RSB (Resuspension Buffer)
- SPB (Sample Purification Beads)
- Barcode labels
  - ALP (Adapter Ligation Plate)
  - CEP (Clean Up End Repair Plate)
- Freshly prepared 80% ethanol (EtOH)
PCR-grade water

Tube
- [≤ 6 samples] 1.7 ml microcentrifuge tube
- [> 6 samples] 15 ml conical tube

Plates
- [HS] 96-well midi plates (2)
- [LS] 96-well 0.3 ml PCR plates, semiskirted or skirtless (2)

Microseal 'B' adhesive seals

About Reagents
- Vortex SPB before each use.
- Vortex SPB frequently to make sure that beads are evenly distributed.
- Aspirate and dispense SPB slowly due to the viscosity of the solution.

Preparation
1 Prepare the following consumables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ERP 2 or ERP 3</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw at room temperature, and then set aside on ice. Return to storage after use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2 [HS] Preheat the microheating system to 30°C.

3 [LS] Save the following ERP program on the thermal cycler:
   - Choose the preheat lid option and set to 100°C
   - 30°C for 30 minutes
   - Hold at 4°C

4 Label plates as follows.
   - Apply an ALP barcode label to a midi or PCR plate.
   - Apply a CEP barcode label to a midi or PCR plate.

Procedure
Convert Overhangs
1 Centrifuge ERP 2 at 600 x g for 5 seconds.
2 Add 40 µl ERP 2 or ERP 3 to each well.
3 [HS] Mix, centrifuge, and incubate as follows.
   a Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   b Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
   c Place on the 30°C microheating system, lid closed, for 30 minutes.
   d Place on ice.
4. [LS] Pipette to mix, centrifuge briefly, and then place on the thermal cycler and run the ERP program. Each well contains 100 µl.

**Remove Large DNA Fragments**

1. Vortex SPB until well-dispersed.
2. Using the following formulas, determine the appropriate volumes of SPB and PCR-grade water for diluting SPB.
   The formulas include 15% excess for multiple samples.

   **Table 4 Diluted SPB for a 350 bp Insert Size**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Formula</th>
<th>Example Volume for 12 Samples</th>
<th>Your Calculation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td># of samples × 109.25 µl</td>
<td>1311 µl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCR-grade water</td>
<td># of samples × 74.75 µl</td>
<td>897 µl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   **Table 5 Diluted SPB for a 550 bp Insert Size**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Formula</th>
<th>Example Volume for 12 Samples</th>
<th>Your Calculation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td># of samples × 92 µl</td>
<td>1104 µl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCR-grade water</td>
<td># of samples × 92 µl</td>
<td>1104 µl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Using your calculations from the previous step, dilute SPB with PCR-grade water.
   - For ≤ 6 samples, dilute in a new 1.7 ml microcentrifuge tube.
   - For > 6 samples, dilute in a new 15 ml conical tube.
4. Vortex diluted SPB until well-dispersed.
5. Add 160 µl diluted SPB to each well.
6. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
7. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
8. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 1 minute.
9. Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~5 minutes).
10. Transfer 250 µl supernatant to the corresponding well of the CEP plate.
11. Discard remaining diluted SPB.

**Remove Small DNA Fragments**

1. Vortex undiluted SPB until well-dispersed.
2. Add 30 µl undiluted SPB to each well.
3. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
4. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
5 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
6 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~5 minutes).
7 Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.
8 Wash two times as follows.
   a Add 200 µl fresh 80% EtOH to each well.
   b Incubate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds.
   c Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.
9 Use a 20 µl pipette to remove residual EtOH from each well.
10 Air dry on the magnetic stand for 5 minutes.
11 Add 20 µl RSB to each well, and then remove from the magnetic stand.
12 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ► [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ► [LS] Pipette up and down.
13 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes.
14 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
15 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~5 minutes).
16 Transfer 17.5 µl supernatant to the corresponding well of the ALP plate.

SAFE STOPPING POINT
If you are stopping, seal the plate and store at -25°C to -15°C for up to 7 days.

Adenylate 3’ Ends
One adenine (A) nucleotide is added to the 3’ ends of the blunt fragments to prevent them from ligating to each other during adapter ligation. A corresponding thymine (T) nucleotide on the 3’ end of the adapter provides a complementary overhang for ligating the adapter to the fragment. This strategy ensures a low rate of chimera (concatenated template) formation.

Consumables
- ATL or ATL 2 (A-Tailing Mix)
- RSB (Resuspension Buffer)
- Microseal 'B' adhesive seals

Preparation
1 Prepare the following consumables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATL or ATL 2</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw at room temperature. Return to storage after use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2 [HS] Preheat two microheating systems, one to 37°C and another to 70°C.
3 [LS] Save the following ATAIL70 program on the thermal cycler:
Choose the preheat lid option and set to 100°C
37°C for 30 minutes
70°C for 5 minutes
4°C for 5 minutes
Hold at 4°C

Procedure

1. Centrifuge ATL or ATL 2 at 600 × g for 5 seconds.
2. Add 12.5 µl ATL or ATL 2 to each well.
3. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
4. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 1 minute.
5. [HS] Incubate as follows.
   a. Place on the 37°C microheating system, lid closed, for 30 minutes.
   b. Move to the 70°C microheating system, lid closed, for 5 minutes.
   c. Place on ice for 5 minutes.
6. [LS] Incubate as follows.
   a. Place on the thermal cycler and run the ATAIL70 program. Each well contains 30 µl.
   b. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 1 minute.

Ligate Adapters
This process ligates index adapters to the ends of the DNA fragments, which prepares them for hybridization onto a flow cell.

Index adapters must be ordered separately from the Library Prep components. For information on compatible index adapters, see Supporting Information on page 22.

Consumables
- DNA Adapters (tubes or index adapter plate)
- LIG 2 (Ligation Mix)
- RSB (Resuspension Buffer)
- SPB (Sample Purification Beads)
- STL (Stop Ligation Buffer)
- Barcode labels
  - CAP (Clean Up ALP Plate)
  - Index Adapter Components
  - PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction Plate)
- Freshly prepared 80% ethanol (EtOH)
- Plates
  - [HS] 96-well midi plate (1)
  - [HS] 96-well Hard-Shell 0.3 ml PCR plate (1)
- LS] 96-well 0.3 ml PCR plates, semiskirted or skirtless (2)

- HS] Microseal 'B' adhesive seals

**About Reagents**

- Do not remove LIG 2 from storage until instructed to do so in the procedure.
- Return LIG 2 to storage immediately after use.
- Vortex SPB before each use.
- Vortex SPB frequently to make sure that beads are evenly distributed.
- Aspirate and dispense SPB slowly due to the viscosity of the solution.

**Preparation**

1. Prepare the following consumables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DNA Adapters</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw at room temperature for 10 minutes. Return to storage after use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STL</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw at room temperature. Return to storage after use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. [HS] Preheat a microheating system to 30°C.

3. [LS] Save the following LIG program on the thermal cycler:
   - Choose the preheat lid option and set to 100°C
   - 30°C for 10 minutes
   - Hold at 4°C

4. Label plates as follows.
   - Apply a CAP barcode label to a midi or PCR plate.
   - Apply a PCR barcode label to a Hard-Shell PCR or PCR plate.

**Procedure**

**Add Index Adapters**

1. [HS] Prepare the appropriate Index Adapter Plate as follows.
   a. Remove the tape seal.
   b. Centrifuge at 280 × g for 1 minute.
   c. Remove the plastic cover. If you are not processing the entire plate, save the cover.
   d. Apply the index adapter plate barcode label.

2. [LS] Centrifuge the adapter tubes at 600 × g for 5 seconds.


4. In the order listed, add the following reagents to each well:
   - RSB (2.5 µl)
   - LIG 2 (2.5 µl)
DNA adapters (2.5 µl)

5 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.

6 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.

7 Incubate as follows.
   - [HS] Place on the 30°C microheating system, lid closed, for 10 minutes. Set aside on ice.
   - [LS] Place on the thermal cycler and run the LiG program.
     Each well contains 37.5 µl.

8 Centrifuge the STL at 600 x g for 5 seconds.

9 Add 5 µl STL to each well.

10 Mix thoroughly as follows.
    - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
    - [LS] Pipette up and down.

11 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.

Clean Up Ligated Fragments

Steps 1 through 14 are performed one time using the Round 1 volumes, then repeated using the Round 2 volumes.

1 Add the appropriate volume of SPB to each well.
   - Round 1 — 42.5 µl
   - Round 2 — 50 µl

2 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.

3 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.

4 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.

5 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (2–5 minutes).

6 Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.

7 Wash two times as follows.
   a Add 200 µl fresh 80% EtOH to each well.
   b Incubate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds.
   c Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.

8 Use a 20 µl pipette to remove residual EtOH from each well.

9 Air dry on the magnetic stand for 5 minutes.

10 Add the appropriate volume of RSB to each well.
    - Round 1 — 52.5 µl
    - Round 2 — 27.5 µl

11 Remove from the magnetic stand, and then mix thoroughly as follows.
    - [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
[LS] Pipette up and down.

12 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes.

13 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.

14 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (2–5 minutes).

15 Transfer 50 µl supernatant to the corresponding well of the CAP plate.

16 Repeat steps 1 through 14 using the new plate and the Round 2 volumes.

17 Transfer 25 µl supernatant to the corresponding well of the PCR plate.

SAFE STOPPING POINT
If you are stopping, seal the plate and store at -25°C to -15°C for up to 7 days.

Enrich DNA Fragments
This step uses PCR to selectively enrich DNA fragments that have adapter molecules on both ends and to amplify the amount of DNA in the library. PCR is performed with PCR Primer Cocktail, which anneals to adapter ends. Minimize the number of PCR cycles to avoid skewing representation of the library.

NOTE
Fragments without adapters cannot hybridize to the primers on the surface of the flow cell. Fragments with an adapter on one end can hybridize to the primers, but cannot form clusters.

Consumables
- EPM (Enhanced PCR Mix)
- PPC (PCR Primer Cocktail)
- RSB (Resuspension Buffer)
- SPB (Sample Purification Beads)
- TSP 1 (Target Sample Plate) barcode label
- Freshly prepared 80% ethanol (EtOH)
- Plates
  - [HS] 96-well Hard-Shell 0.3 ml PCR plate (1)
  - [LS] 96-well 0.3 ml PCR plate, semiskirted or skirtless (1)
- [HS] Microseal 'A' film
- Microseal 'B' adhesive seals

About Consumables
- Use Microseal 'A' when sealing the plate before placing it on the thermal cycler. Use Microseal 'B' for other steps that require a sealed plate.
- Vortex SPB before each use.
- Vortex SPB frequently to make sure that beads are evenly distributed.
- Aspirate and dispense SPB slowly due to the viscosity of the solution.
Preparation

1. Prepare the following consumables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPC</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw at room temperature. Invert to mix, then centrifuge at 600 x g for 1 minute. Do not vortex. Return to storage after use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPM</td>
<td>-25°C to -15°C</td>
<td>Thaw on ice. Invert to mix, then centrifuge at 600 x g for 1 minute. Do not vortex. Return to storage after use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>2°C to 8°C</td>
<td>Let stand for 30 minutes to bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Save the following PCRNano program on the thermal cycler:
   - Choose the preheat lid option and set to 100°C
   - 95°C for 3 minutes
   - Eight cycles of:
     - 98°C for 20 seconds
     - 60°C for 15 seconds
     - 72°C for 30 seconds
     - 72°C for 5 minutes
     - Hold at 4°C

3. Apply the TSP1 barcode label to a Hard-Shell PCR or PCR plate.

Procedure

Amplify DNA Fragments

1. Place the plate on ice and add 5 μl PPC to each well.
2. Add 20 μl EPM to each well.
3. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1600 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
4. Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
5. Place on the thermal cycler and run the PCRNano program.
   Each well contains 50 μl.

Clean Up Amplified DNA

1. Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
2. Vortex SPB until well-dispersed.
3. Add the appropriate volume of SPB to each well:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adapter Type</th>
<th>SPB Volume</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adapter tubes</td>
<td>50 μl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index Adapter Plate</td>
<td>47.5 μl</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ▶ [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ▶ [LS] Pipette up and down.
5 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
6 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
7 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (2–5 minutes).
8 Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.
9 Wash two times as follows.
   a Add 200 µl fresh 80% EtOH to each well.
   b Incubate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds.
   c Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.
10 Use a 20 µl pipette to remove residual EtOH from each well.
11 Air-dry on the magnetic stand for 5 minutes.
12 Add 32.5 µl RSB to each well, and then remove from the magnetic stand.
13 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ▶ [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ▶ [LS] Pipette up and down.
14 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes.
15 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
16 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (2–5 minutes).
17 Transfer 30 µl supernatant to the corresponding well of the TSP1 plate.

SAFE STOPPING POINT
If you are stopping, seal the plate and store at -25°C to -15°C for up to 7 days.

Check Libraries

Quantify Libraries

Achieving high-quality data on Illumina sequencing systems requires optimum cluster density across every lane of the flow cell. Optimizing cluster densities requires accurate quantification of DNA libraries.

1 Quantify libraries with a fluorometric method that uses dsDNA binding dyes or qPCR.
2 [Optional] If you are using the KAPA Library Quantification Kit – Illumina/Universal, follow the KAPA instructions with the KAPA standard. To calculate the library concentration in nM, make the following insert size adjustments:
   ▶ For 350 bp libraries, use 470 bp for the average fragment length.
   ▶ For 550 bp libraries, use 670 bp for the average fragment length.

Quantification of TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep libraries has been validated with the KAPA Library Quantification Kit – Illumina/Universal. The data sheet for this kit is available on the KAPA Biosystems website.
Check Library Quality

Verify fragment size by checking the library size distribution. Run on an Advanced Analytical Fragment Analyzer with the HS-NGS High Sensitivity 474 kit or an Agilent Technology 2100 Bioanalyzer using a High Sensitivity DNA kit.

1. If you are using a High Sensitivity DNA chip, dilute the DNA library 1:10 with water.

2. Run the library on the Advanced Analytical Fragment Analyzer or Agilent Technology 2100 Bioanalyzer:
   - For a High Sensitivity DNA or NGS Kit, run 1 µl diluted DNA library.
   - For a Bioanalyzer DNA 7500 chip, run 1 µl undiluted DNA library.

Figure 2  Example Distribution of 350bp Library Run on Fragment Analyzer Using High Sensitivity NGS Kit

Figure 3  Example Distribution of 550bp Library Run on Fragment Analyzer Using High Sensitivity NGS Kit

Figure 4  Example Distribution of 350bp Library Run on Bioanalyzer Using High Sensitivity DNA Kit
Normalize and Pool Libraries

This step prepares DNA template for cluster generation. Non-indexed DNA libraries are normalized to 10 nM in the DCT plate. Indexed DNA libraries are normalized to 10 nM in the DCT plate and then pooled in equal volumes in the PDP plate.

NOTE

For best practice, perform normalization and pooling directly prior to sequencing. To minimize index hopping, do not store libraries in the pooled form. For more information, see Minimize index hopping in multiplexed runs on the Illumina website.

Consumables

- Barcode labels
  - DCT (Diluted Cluster Template)
  - PDP (Pooled DCT Plate) (for pooling only)
- Tris-HCl 10 mM, pH 8.5 with 0.1% Tween 20
- Plates
  - [LS] 96-well 0.3 ml PCR plate, semiskirted or skirtless (1) (for pooling ≤ 40 samples)
- Microseal ‘B’ adhesive seals

Preparation

1. Apply a DCT barcode label to a midi plate.
2. [For pooling only] Apply a PDP barcode label to a midi plate (> 40 samples) or PCR plate (≤ 40 samples).

Procedure

Normalize Libraries

1. Transfer 10 µl library to the corresponding well of the DCT plate.
2. Normalize the library concentration to 10 nM using Tris-HCl 10 mM, pH 8.5 with 0.1% Tween 20.
3. Mix thoroughly as follows.
   - [HS] Shake at 1000 rpm for 2 minutes.
   - [LS] Pipette up and down.
   Depending on the yield quantification data of each library, the final volume of each well can vary from 10–400 µl.
4 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.

5 Do the following:
   ▶ To pool libraries, proceed to Pool Libraries.
   ▶ Libraries that are not pooled must be diluted and denatured before proceeding to cluster generation. For more information, see the Dilute and Denature guide for your Illumina platform.

Pool Libraries

The pooling procedure depends on the number of libraries being pooled: 2–24, 25–48, or 49–96.

Pool 2–24 Libraries

1 Transfer 10 µl of each normalized library to one well of the PDP plate.
2 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ▶ [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ▶ [LS] Pipette up and down.
3 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
4 Proceed to cluster generation.
   For instructions, see the system guide for your Illumina instrument.

Pool 25–48 Libraries

1 Transfer 5 µl of each column of normalized library to column 1 of the PDP plate.
2 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ▶ [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ▶ [LS] Pipette up and down.
3 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
4 Transfer the contents from each well of column 1 to well A2.
5 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ▶ [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ▶ [LS] Pipette up and down.
6 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
7 Proceed to cluster generation.
   For instructions, see the system guide for your Illumina instrument.

Pool 49–96 Libraries

1 Transfer 5 µl of each column of normalized library to column 1 of the PDP plate.
2 Mix thoroughly as follows.
   ▶ [HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
   ▶ [LS] Pipette up and down.
3 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
4 Transfer the contents of each well of column 1 to a 1.7 ml microcentrifuge tube.
5 Mix thoroughly as follows.
[HS] Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes or vortex the tube.
[LS] Pipette up and down.

6 Centrifuge at 280 x g for 1 minute.
7 Proceed to cluster generation.
    For instructions, see the system guide for your Illumina instrument.

SAFE STOPPING POINT
If you are stopping, seal the plate or cap the tube and store at -25°C to -15°C for up to 7 days.
Supporting Information

Product Contents

Make sure that you have all reagents identified in this section before starting the protocol.

The following library prep and index adapter components are available to order through Illumina to support the TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep workflow.

From Illumina, order one catalog number for the library prep component and one catalog number for the index adapter component depending on the number of samples for your experiment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Library Prep Component</th>
<th>Catalog #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep Library Prep (24 Samples)</td>
<td>20015964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep Library Prep (96 Samples)</td>
<td>20015965</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Adapter Component</th>
<th>Catalog #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IDT for Illumina - TruSeq DNA UD Indexes (24 Indexes, 96 Samples)</td>
<td>20020590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDT for Illumina - TruSeq DNA UD Indexes (96 Indexes, 96 Samples)</td>
<td>20022370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TruSeq DNA Single Indexes (12 indexes, 24 samples) Set A</td>
<td>20015960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TruSeq DNA Single Indexes (12 indexes, 24 samples) Set B</td>
<td>20015961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TruSeq DNA Combinatorial Dual Indexes (96 indexes, 96 samples)</td>
<td>20015949</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep Library Prep (24 Samples)

This workflow contains two boxes: Box 1 and an SPB (Sample Purification Beads) box.

Box 1, Store at -25°C to -15°C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>Resuspension Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ERP 2 or ERP 3</td>
<td>End Repair Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ATL or ATL 2</td>
<td>A-Tailing Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>LIG 2</td>
<td>Ligation Mix 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>STL</td>
<td>Stop Ligation Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PPC</td>
<td>PCR Primer Cocktail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>EPM</td>
<td>Enhanced PCR Mix</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SPB Box, Store at 2°C to 8°C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>Sample Purification Beads</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep Library Prep (96 Samples)

This workflow contains two boxes: Box 1 and an SPB (Sample Purification Beads) box.

**Box 1, Store at -25°C to -15°C**

This box also contains plate barcode labels.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>Resuspension Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>ERP 2 or ERP 3</td>
<td>End Repair Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>ATL or ATL 2</td>
<td>A-Tailing Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>LIG 2</td>
<td>Ligation Mix 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>STL</td>
<td>Stop Ligation Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>PPC</td>
<td>PCR Primer Cocktail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>EPM</td>
<td>Enhanced PCR Mix</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPB Box, Store at 2°C to 8°C**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>Sample Purification Beads</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Consumables and Equipment**

Make sure that you have the required user-supplied consumables and equipment before starting the protocol. Items that are unique to the HS or LS workflow are indicated.

The protocol has been optimized and validated using the items listed. Comparable performance is not guaranteed when using alternate consumables and equipment.

**Consumables**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.7 ml microcentrifuge tubes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 ml conical tubes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 µl barrier pipette tips</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 µl multichannel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 µl single channel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 µl barrier pipette tips</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 µl multichannel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 µl single channel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 µl barrier pipette tips</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 µl multichannel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 µl single channel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 µl barrier pipette tips</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumable</td>
<td>Supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 µl multichannel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 µl single channel pipettes</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96-well storage plates, round well, 0.8 ml (midi plate)</td>
<td>Thermo Fisher Scientific, part # AB-0859</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adhesive seal roller</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol 200 proof (absolute) for molecular biology (500 ml)</td>
<td>Sigma-Aldrich, part E7023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice bucket</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[Optional] KAPA Library Quantification Kit - Illumina/Universal</td>
<td>KAPA Biosystems, part # KK4824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microseal ‘B’ adhesive seals</td>
<td>Bio-Rad, part # MSB-1001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>microTUBE AFA Fiber 6x16mm with:</td>
<td>Covaris, part #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Crimp-Cap or</td>
<td>• 5200052 or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Pre-Slit Snap-Cap (for use with Covaris M220)</td>
<td>• 520045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCR-grade water</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qubit assay tubes or</td>
<td>Thermo Fisher Scientific, catalog # Q32856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxygen PCR-05-C tubes</td>
<td>or VWR, part # 10011 -830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RNase/DNase-free 8-tube strips and caps</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RNase/DNase-free multichannel reagent reservoirs, disposable</td>
<td>VWR, part # 89094-658</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tris-HCl 10 mM, pH 8.5</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tween 20</td>
<td>Sigma-Aldrich, part # P7949</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Consumables for HS Workflow**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-well Hard-Shell 0.3 ml PCR plate</td>
<td>Bio-Rad, part # HSP-9601</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Consumables for LS Workflow**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumable</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-well 0.3 ml skirtless PCR plates or Twin.tec 96 well PCR plates</td>
<td>E&amp;K Scientific, part # 480096 or Eppendorf, part # 951020303</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[Optional] Fragment Analyzer™</td>
<td>Advanced Analytical, catalog # FSV2CE2F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[Optional] 2100 Bioanalyzer Desktop System</td>
<td>Agilent Technologies, part # G2940CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One of the following Covaris systems:</td>
<td>Covaris M220, part # 500295*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• S2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• S220</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• E210</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• M220</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnetic stand-96</td>
<td>Thermo Fisher Scientific, catalog # AM10027</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microplate centrifuge</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vortexer</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>qPCR system</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Additional Equipment for HS Workflow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High-Speed Microplate Shaker</td>
<td>VWR, catalog #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 13500-890 (110 V/120 V) or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 14216-214 (230 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SciGene TruTemp Heating System¹</td>
<td>Illumina, catalog #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• SC-60-503 (110 V) or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• SC-60-504 (220 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midi plate insert for heating system²</td>
<td>Illumina, catalog #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BD-60-601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroboscope</td>
<td>General lab supplier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Two systems are recommended to support successive heating procedures.
² Two inserts are recommended to support successive heating procedures.

Thermal Cylcers

The following table lists the recommended specifications for the thermal cycler. If your lab has a thermal cycler that is not listed, validate it before starting the protocol.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thermal Cycler</th>
<th>Temp Mode</th>
<th>Lid Temp</th>
<th>Vessel Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bio-Rad DNA Engine Tetr 2</td>
<td>Calculated</td>
<td>Heated, constant at 100°C</td>
<td>Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MJ Research PTC-225 DNA Engine Tetrad</td>
<td>Calculated</td>
<td>Heated, constant at 100°C</td>
<td>Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bio-Rad S1000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Heated, constant at 100°C</td>
<td>Plate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

qPCR Systems

The following table lists the validated qPCR systems for the TruSeq DNA Nano Library Prep protocol.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CFX96 Touch Real-Time PCR Detection System*</td>
<td>Bio-Rad, part # 185-5195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mx3000P qPCR System</td>
<td>Agilent, part # 401511</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Use CFX Manager software version 3.0 with Cq Determination mode: Single Threshold; Baseline Setting; Baseline Subtracted Curve Fit and Apply Fluorescent Drift Correction for data analysis. This setting can correct for abnormalities in fluorescence intensity of the standard curve caused by the instrument. For software installation, contact Bio-Rad.

Index Adapter Sequences

For information on index adapter sequences, see *Illumina Adapter Sequences (document # 100000002694)* which provides information regarding the nucleotide sequences that comprise Illumina oligonucleotides used in Illumina sequencing technologies.
### Acronyms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALP</td>
<td>Adapter Ligation Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATL</td>
<td>A-Tailing Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAP</td>
<td>Clean Up ALP Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEP</td>
<td>Clean Up End Repair Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFP</td>
<td>Covaris Fragmentation Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSP</td>
<td>Clean Up Sheared DNA Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCT</td>
<td>Diluted Cluster Template Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNA</td>
<td>Customer Sample DNA Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP</td>
<td>End Repair Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HS</td>
<td>High Sample</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEM</td>
<td>Illumina Experiment Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMP</td>
<td>Insert Modification Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIG</td>
<td>Ligation Mix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LRM</td>
<td>Local Run Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LS</td>
<td>Low Sample</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDP</td>
<td>Pooled Dilution Plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSB</td>
<td>Resuspension Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPB</td>
<td>Sample Purification Beads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STL</td>
<td>Stop Ligation Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSP1</td>
<td>Target Sample Plate 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Technical Assistance

For technical assistance, contact Illumina Technical Support.

Website: www.illumina.com
Email: techsupport@illumina.com

Illumina Customer Support Telephone Numbers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Toll Free</th>
<th>Regional</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>North America</td>
<td>+1.800.809.4566</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>+1.800.775.688</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>+43 800006249</td>
<td>+43 19286540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>+32 80077160</td>
<td>+32 34002973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>400.635.9998</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denmark</td>
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<td>+45 89871156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
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<td>+358 974790110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>+33 805102193</td>
<td>+33 170770446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>+49 8001014940</td>
<td>+49 8938035677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
<td>800960230</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>+353 1800936608</td>
<td>+353 016950506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>+39 800985513</td>
<td>+39 236003759</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>0800.111.5011</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>+31 8000222493</td>
<td>+31 207132960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>0800.451.650</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>+47 800 16836</td>
<td>+47 21939693</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>+1.800.579.2745</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>+34 911899417</td>
<td>+34 800300143</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>+46 850619671</td>
<td>+46 200883979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>+41 565800000</td>
<td>+41 800200442</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>00806651752</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
<td>+44 8000126019</td>
<td>+44 2073057197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other countries</td>
<td>+44.1799.534000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Safety data sheets (SDSs)—Available on the Illumina website at support.illumina.com/sds.html.

Product documentation—Available for download in PDF from the Illumina website. Go to support.illumina.com, select a product, then select Documentation & Literature.